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SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name and code

PHILANCORANTE SP

Chemical name and synonym Epoxy resin modified

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Not available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name Philadelphia Coatings LLC

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District and Country TX 77380, USA

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Chemical emergency response numbers: <u>1-800-255-3924</u> for Domestic and <u>+1-813-248-0585</u> for International. Shipments of hazardous materials within the listed countries should reference ChemTel's in-county phone numbers: Australia: 1-300-954-583, Brazil: 0-800-591-6042, China: 400-120-0751, India: 000-800-100-4086, Mexico: 01-800-099-0731

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Flammable liquid, category 3 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

Carcinogenicity, category 1B H350 May cause cancer.

Reproductive toxicity, category 1A H360Df May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging

fertility.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2 H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Skin corrosion, category 1B H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage, category 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.

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Skin sensitization, category 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. category 2

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:











Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H350 May cause cancer.

H360Df May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411

EUH201 Contains lead. Should not be used on surfaces liable to be chewed or sucked by children.

EUH205 Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

Restricted to professional users.

Precautionary statements:

P501 Dispose of contents / container to . . .

Keep out of reach of children. P102

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray. P260

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

Contains: C.I.PIGMENT YELLOW 34

> ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL Bisphenol A epoxy resin

2.3. Other hazards

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On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification	x = Conc. %	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
N-BUTYL ACETATE		
CAS 123-86-4	$15 \le x < 16,5$	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066
EC 204-658-1		
INDEX 607-025-00-1		
TRIZINC BIS (ORTHOPHOSPHATE) CAS 7779-90-0	15 ≤ x < 16,5	Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1
EC 231-944-3		
INDEX 030-011-00-6		
Bisphenol A epoxy resin		
CAS 25068-38-6	$13,5 \le x < 15$	Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411
EC 500-033-5		
INDEX 603-074-00-8		
REACH Reg. 01-2119456619-26- 0000 TALC		
CAS 14807-96-6	12 ≤ x < 13,5	Acute Tox. 4 H332, STOT SE 3 H335
EC 238-877-9		STA Inhalation mists/powders: 1,5 mg/l
INDEX -		
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)		
CAS 1330-20-7	10,5 ≤ x < 12	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C
EC 215-535-7		STA Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, STA Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l
INDEX 601-022-00-9		
REACH Reg. 01-2119488216-32		
CAS 68082-29-1	5≤x< 6	Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 2
EC 500-191-5		H411
INDEX -		
1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL		
CAS 107-98-2	5≤x< 6	Flam Lig 2 H226 STOT SE 2 H226
CAS 107-90-2	2 - 3 < 0	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336

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EC 203-539-1

INDEX 603-064-00-3

CAS $4 \le x < 4.5$ STOT RE 1 H372

EC

INDEX -

ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL

CAS 78-83-1 4 ≤ x < 4,5 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335,

STOT SE 3 H336

EC 201-148-0

INDEX 603-108-00-1

C.I.PIGMENT YELLOW 34 (64% -

metallic element)

CAS 1344-37-2 2 ≤ x < 2,5 Carc. 1B H350, Repr. 1A H360Df, STOT RE 2 H373, Aquatic Acute 1 H400

M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1, Classification note according to Annex VI

to the CLP Regulation: 1

EC 215-693-7

INDEX 082-009-00-X

2.4.6-

TRIS(DIMETHYLAMINOMETHYL)

PHENOL

CAS 90-72-2 1,5 \leq x < 2 Acute Tox. 4 H302, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315

EC 202-013-9 STA Oral: 500 mg/kg

INDEX 603-069-00-0

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

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5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

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7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81

GBR United Kingdom EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)

Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive FU OEL EU

2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.

TLV-ACGIH **ACGIH 2021**

N-BUTYL ACETATE Threshold Limit Value							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
VLEP	ITA	241	50	723	150		
WEL	GBR	724	150	966	200		
OEL	EU	241	50	723	150		
TLV-ACGIH			50		150		

XYLENE (MIXTURE Threshold Limit Val							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
VLEP	ITA	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100	SKIN	
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150		

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1-METHOXY-2-PRO							
Threshold Limit Va	ılue						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min	1	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
VLEP	ITA	375	100	568	150	SKIN	
WEL	GBR	375	100	560	150	SKIN	
OEL	EU	375	100	568	150	SKIN	
TLV-ACGIH		184	50	368	100		

ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL Threshold Limit Value						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
WEL	GBR	154	50	231	75	
TLV-ACGIH		152	50			

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

The product must be used inside a closed circuit, in a well-ventilated environment and with strong localised aspiration systems in place.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

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RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	viscous liquid	
Colour	Red and Grey	
Odour	characteristic	
Melting point / freezing point	Not available	
Initial boiling point	Not available	
Flammability	Not available	
Lower explosive limit	Not available	
Upper explosive limit	Not available	
Flash point	23 ≤ T ≤ 60 °C	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available	
рН	Not available	
Kinematic viscosity	Not available	
Dynamic viscosity	160 Sec. f4	
Solubility	insoluble	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available	
Vapour pressure	Not available	
Density and/or relative density	Not available	
Relative vapour density	0,9 - 1	
Particle characteristics	Not applicable	

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

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Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Total solids (250°C / 482°F) 62,52 % VOC (Directive 2010/75/EU) 37,48 %

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Decomposes on contact with: water.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Dissolves various plastic materials. Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

Absorbs and disolves in water and in organic solvents. With air it may slowly form explosive peroxides.

C.I.PIGMENT YELLOW 34

Decomposes at 850°C/1562°F.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: strong oxidising agents. May react dangerously with: alkaline hydroxides, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.Reacts violently with: strong oxidants,strong acids,nitric acid,perchlorates.May form explosive mixtures with: air.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

May react dangerously with: strong oxidising agents, strong acids.

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C.I.PIGMENT YELLOW 34

May form explosive mixtures with: azo dyes. Forms pyrophoric mixtures with: sulphur, ferric hexacyanoferrate.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: moisture, sources of heat, naked flames.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Avoid exposure to: air.

10.5. Incompatible materials

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: water, nitrates, strong oxidants, acids, alkalis, zinc.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

C.I.PIGMENT YELLOW 34

Incompatible with: azo dyes, sulphur, ferric hexacyanoferrate.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

C.I.PIGMENT YELLOW 34

May develop: lead oxides.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

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Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

N-BUTYL ACETATE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

N-BUTYL ACETATE

In humans, the substance's vapours cause irritation of the eyes and nose. In the event of repeated exposure, skin irritation, dermatitis (dryness and cracking of the skin) and keratitis appear.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Toxic effect on the central nervous system (encephalopathy); irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressure of the product. Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbance of equilibrium and severe eye irritation can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and eye irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported.

Interactive effects

N-BUTYL ACETATE

A case of acute intoxication been reported involving a 33 year old worker while cleaning a tank with a preparation containing xylenes, butyl acetate and

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ethylene glycol acetate. The person had irritation of the conjunctiva and upper respiratory tract, drowsiness and motor coordination disorders, which disappeared within 5 hours. The symptoms are attributed to poisoning by mixed xylenes and butyl acetate, with a possible synergistic effect responsible for the neurological effects. Cases of vacuolar keratitis are reported in workers exposed to a mixture of butyl acetate and isobutanol vapours, but with uncertainty concerning the responsibility of a particular solvent (INRC, 2011).

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Intake of alcohol interferes with the metabolism of the substance, inhibiting it. Ethanol consumption (0.8 g/kg) before a 4-hour exposure to xylene vapours (145 and 280 ppm) causes a 50% reduction in the excretion of methyl hippuric acid, whereas the concentration of xylenes in the blood increases approx. 1.5-2 times. At the same time there is an increase in the secondary side effects of the ethanol. The metabolism of the xylenes is increased by phenobarbital and 3-methyl-colantrene type enzyme inducers. Aspirin and xylenes mutually inhibit their conjugation with the glycine, which results in a decrease in urinary excretion of methyl hippuric acid. Other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of xylenes.

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation - mists / powders) of the mixture: > 5 mg/l
ATE (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: > 20 mg/l
ATE (Inhalation - gas) of the mixture: 0,0 mg/l
ATE (Oral) of the mixture: >2000 mg/kg
ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: >2000 mg/kg

N-BUTYL ACETATE

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit

 LD50 (Oral):
 > 6400 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 21,1 mg/l/4h Rat

TRIZINC BIS (ORTHOPHOSPHATE)

LD50 (Oral): > 5000 mg/kg Rat - Wistar

LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders): > 5,7 mg/l Rat

TALC

STA (Inhalation mists/powders): 1,5 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

LD50 (Dermal): 4350 mg/kg Rabbit

STA (Dermal): 1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

LD50 (Oral): 3523 mg/kg Rat

LC50 (Inhalation vapours): 26 mg/l/4h Rat

STA (Inhalation vapours): 11 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

 LD50 (Dermal):
 13000 mg/kg Rabbit

 LD50 (Oral):
 5300 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 54,6 mg/l/4h Rat

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ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL	
LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	2460 mg/kg Rabbit 2460 mg/kg Rat 19,2 mg/l/4h Rat
C.I.PIGMENT YELLOW 34	
LD50 (Oral):	> 5000 mg/kg Rat
2,4,6-TRIS(DIMETHYLAMINOMETHYL) PHENOL	
STA (Oral):	500 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP (figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)
SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION	
Corrosive for the skin	
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION	
Causes serious eye damage	
RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION	
Sensitising for the skin	
Respiratory sensitization	
Information not available	
Skin sensitization	
Information not available	
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY	

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Safety Data Sheet Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class CARCINOGENICITY May cause cancer XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential". REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY May damage the unborn child - Suspected of damaging fertility Adverse effects on sexual function and fertility Information not available Adverse effects on development of the offspring Information not available Effects on or via lactation Information not available STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE May cause drowsiness or dizziness Target organs

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Information not available
Route of exposure
Information not available
STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE
May cause damage to organs
<u>Target organs</u>
Information not available
Route of exposure
Information not available
ASPIRATION HAZARD
Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class
11.2. Information on other hazards
Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.
SECTION 12. Ecological information
This product is dangerous for the environment and is toxic for aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on acquatic environment. 12.1. Toxicity
C.I.PIGMENT YELLOW 34

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LC50 - for Fish > 10000 mg/l/96h Leuciscus idus

TRIZINC BIS (ORTHOPHOSPHATE)

LC50 - for Fish 0,78 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas EC50 - for Crustacea 0,86 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

LC50 - for Fish 5 mg/l/96h

12.2. Persistence and degradability

C.I.PIGMENT YELLOW 34

Solubility in water 0,1 - 100 mg/l

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Solubility in water 100 - 1000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

TALC

Solubility in water $< 0.1 \, \text{mg/l}$

ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

2,4,6-TRIS(DIMETHYLAMINOMETHYL)

PHENOL

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

NOT rapidly degradable

N-BUTYL ACETATE

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Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

TRIZINC BIS (ORTHOPHOSPHATE)

Solubility in water 2,7 mg/l

Degradability: information not available

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NOT rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	3,12
BCF	25.9

ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water < 1

2,4,6-TRIS(DIMETHYLAMINOMETHYL)

PHENOL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -0,66

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	2,3
BCF	15,3

12.4. Mobility in soil

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Partition coefficient: soil/water	2.73

ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL

Partition coefficient: soil/water 0,31

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: soil/water < 3

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

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Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, 3

3470

IATA:

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE

IMDG: PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE (TRIZINC BIS

(ORTHOPHOSPHATE))

IATA: PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 8 Label: 8 (3)

IMDG: Class: 8 Label: 8 (3)

IATA: Class: 8 Label: 8 (3)



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, I

14.5. Environmental hazards

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ADR / RID: Environmentally

Hazardous

IMDG: Marine Pollutant

IATA: NO

For Air transport, environmentally hazardous mark is only mandatory for UN 3077 and UN 3082.

Cargo:

Pass.:

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 83 Limited Tunnel Quantities: 1 restriction

code: (D/E)

Special provision: -

IMDG: EMS: F-E, S-C Limited

Quantities: 1

Quantities

Maximum

quantity: 30 L instructions:

855

Packaging

Maximum Packaging

quantity: 1 L instructions:

Special provision: A72, A192

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: P5c-E2

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

<u>Product</u>

IATA:

Point 3 - 40

Contained substance

Point 75

Point 30-47-63-72 C.I.PIGMENT

YELLOW 34

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

Not applicable

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Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

C.I.PIGMENT YELLOW 34

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

C.I.PIGMENT YELLOW 34

Sunset Date: 21/05/2015

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

C.I.PIGMENT YELLOW 34 - (LEAD COMPOUNDS)

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this health-dangerous chemical agent must undergo sanitary checks carried out in compliance with 2004/37/EC directive.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3

Carc. 1B Carcinogenicity, category 1B

Repr. 1A Reproductive toxicity, category 1A

Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, category 4

STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1
STOT RE 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2

Skin Corr. 1B Skin corrosion, category 1B

Eye Dam. 1 Serious eye damage, category 1

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Skin Sens. 1 Skin sensitization, category 1

Aquatic Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1

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Aquatic Chronic 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1 **Aquatic Chronic 2** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H350 May cause cancer.

H360Df May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH201 Contains lead. Should not be used on surfaces liable to be chewed or sucked by

children.

EUH205 Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect) CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 **DNEL: Derived No Effect Level**
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- **OEL: Occupational Exposure Level**
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation

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WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament

- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EÚ) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP) 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11. Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

01/02/03/08/09/11/12/14/15/16.

This Safety Data Sheet is prepared in accordance with according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS].

Notice to whom it may concern:

Your attention and information in this MSDS are based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this MSDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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